

Revolutionizing Healthcare with AI: Integrating Petroleum Insights, Herbal Medicine, and Fraud Detection through ChatGPT-Enhanced Solutions

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Abstract: Artificial Intelligence (AI) is changing the healthcare and fraud detection industries by improving results, efficiency, and accuracy. A number of important sectors where AI has had a substantial impact are highlighted in this thorough investigation, which is backed up with noteworthy case studies. Artificial intelligence (AI) technologies have completely changed the way that fraudulent operations are recognized and stopped. For instance, the Medicare Fraud Prevention System (FPS) analyzes claims data using machine learning, which dramatically lowers fraudulent payments and enhances program integrity. Similar to this, real-time transaction data analysis using AI has significantly decreased financial losses in credit card fraud protection systems. AI platforms that show off the revolutionary potential of AI in clinical contexts are IBM Watson for Oncology and PathAI. While PathAI helps pathologists analyze medical pictures and identify abnormalities more precisely, Watson for Oncology supports oncologists by offering evidence-based therapy suggestions and improving diagnostic accuracy. These apps expedite the diagnosis procedure and enhance patient care. The incorporation of petroleum sector knowledge into AI models for healthcare highlights the importance of interdisciplinary innovation. Healthcare benefits from the use of petroleum industry advances in data analytics, material science, and operational optimization, which result in better patient care, more efficient operations, and creative solutions. Notwithstanding these developments, issues with data privacy, accuracy, integration, and ethics still need to be addressed. To fully utilize AI, these problems must be resolved by ongoing validation, expert cooperation, and adherence to legal requirements. All things considered, the continued development of AI technologies indicates more breakthroughs in many fields. We can build more safe, effective, and efficient systems that help people and businesses by embracing AI and addressing related issues.

Key words

AI, healthcare, predictive modeling, machine learning, Medicare Fraud Prevention System, IBM Watson for Oncology, PathAI, data analytics, material science, operational effectiveness, cross-disciplinary innovation, data privacy, diagnostic precision, credit card fraud prevention, Herbal medicine, and experience in the petroleum industry

INTRODUCTION

One of the industries that artificial intelligence (AI) is significantly changing is healthcare. AI has the potential to change many other industries as well. The use of AI in healthcare is transforming the way we think about patient care, treatment planning, diagnostics, and operational efficiency. AI technologies are being incorporated into healthcare systems more and more, providing a range of advantages that are changing the sector from customized medicine to predictive analytics [1].

The Application of AI in Healthcare: The development of machine learning, natural language processing, and data analytics has fueled the use of AI in healthcare. These technologies give systems the ability to examine massive data sets, spot trends, and anticipate outcomes that were previously unfeasible or unworkable. For example, machine learning algorithms are capable of sorting through millions of medical records and finding patterns that could point to novel treatment approaches or early warning indicators of illness [2]. This skill is especially useful in domains like radiology, where AI can help with very accurate medical image interpretation, sometimes even equal or exceeding human expertise.

Improving Medical Diagnosis and Therapy: Diagnostics is one of the most significant uses of AI in healthcare. AI-powered devices are able to precisely identify anomalies in medical imaging, including MRIs, CT scans, and X-rays. These instruments use deep learning methods to identify patterns suggestive of diseases including cancers, fractures, or neurological illnesses. AI systems, for instance, have shown effective in identifying early indicators of diseases such as lung and breast cancer, which can greatly enhance patient outcomes by allowing for an earlier intervention. AI aids in individualized treatment strategies in addition to diagnoses. Artificial intelligence (AI) systems have the capability to analyze patient data, including genetic information, and suggest customized treatment plans that have a higher chance of success for particular patients. With this technique, the one-size-fits-all strategy is abandoned in favor of a more customized methodology that has the potential to increase treatment efficacy and decrease side effects [3].

AI in Preventive Medicine and Predictive Analytics: Another area where AI is having a big impact is predictive analytics. AI systems have the ability to foresee prospective health risks before they materialize by analyzing prior patient data. For example, using a patient's lifestyle, medical history, and genetic information, predictive models can determine the patient's likelihood of developing chronic disorders like diabetes or cardiovascular diseases. By taking a proactive stance, healthcare professionals can put preventive measures into place, which may lower the prevalence of certain illnesses and enhance public health in general [4].

Upcoming prospects: In the future, new developments like robotics in surgery, AI-driven drug discovery, and sophisticated telemedicine platforms are anticipated to increase the use of AI in healthcare. AI's potential applications in healthcare are expected to grow as a result of its integration with other cutting-edge technologies, like block chain for safe data sharing and Internet of Things (IoT) devices for continuous health monitoring [5]. AI has the potential to completely transform healthcare by enhancing the precision of diagnoses, allowing for individualized treatment plans, anticipating health hazards, and streamlining administrative procedures. These technologies will probably be more deeply and sophisticatedly integrated into healthcare systems as they develop, providing new opportunities to improve patient care and operational effectiveness.

THE CROSSROADS OF HEALTHCARE AND PETROLEUM INSIGHTS: A NOVEL FRONTIER

Although it may seem strange at first, the integration of knowledge from these seemingly unrelated domains is creating new opportunities for breakthroughs in healthcare. This includes the intersection of petroleum insights and healthcare. Contrary to popular belief, petroleum, a major force behind contemporary industry, has greater links to the healthcare sector. These links are mostly the result of developments in environmental concerns, data analytics, and materials science—all of which have a big impact on improvements in healthcare [6].

Biomedical engineering and materials science: Materials science is one area where petroleum and healthcare touch most directly. In the past, the petroleum sector has propelled developments in polymer and other synthetic material science. Drug delivery systems, prosthetics, and medical devices can all

benefit from the use of these materials. For instance, petroleum-based polymers are utilized to create biocompatible materials like dental implants, prosthetic joints, and vascular grafts. Petroleum industry techniques and developments are frequently used in the production of innovative polymers, particularly those with unique qualities like biocompatibility, flexibility, or drug-releasing capabilities. These components are essential for the development of advanced medical instruments and equipment that enhance patient care and results [7]. Thus, petroleum research directly contributes to the improvement of medical technology through its knowledge in polymer chemistry and material durability.

Utilizing Predictive Models and Data Analytics: Advanced data analytics has long been used by the petroleum sector to streamline the extraction, refining, and exploration procedures. Healthcare can make advantage of the methods created for risk management, predictive modeling, and analysis of large datasets in the petroleum industry. Analogous data analytics technologies can improve predictive modeling in healthcare for disease prevention methods, resource allocation, and patient outcomes. Predictive algorithms, for example, can be repurposed to estimate patient admissions, manage hospital resources more effectively, or even anticipate infectious disease outbreaks. These algorithms were originally created to optimize oil production. Healthcare companies may make better decisions, run more efficiently, and provide better patient care by utilizing the advanced data analytics techniques from the petroleum business [8].

Safety and Health in the Environment: Both direct and indirect aspects of healthcare are impacted by the environmental effects of petroleum extraction and processing, which can have substantial health repercussions. Effective public health policies and interventions require an understanding of the environmental effects of petroleum activities, such as pollution and exposure to dangerous compounds. The activities of the petroleum sector have resulted in the emission of a number of pollutants, such as particulate matter and volatile organic compounds, which can negatively impact respiratory health and aggravate long-term ailments including asthma and cardiovascular disorders. Researchers and healthcare practitioners can gain a better understanding of the relationships between environmental elements and health outcomes by looking into the effects of petroleum activities on the environment [9]. Designing public health programs and laws intended to lessen the harmful health impacts connected to environmental pollution requires an understanding of this information.

Technological Advancements in Health Monitoring: Another area where petroleum-based technology have been used is in the development of wearable health monitoring devices and sensors. The production of sensors and other parts for wearable medical devices that track glucose levels, vital signs, and other health measures uses materials sourced from petroleum. Because they enable real-time data collecting and individualized health management, these devices are being employed more and more for continuous health monitoring. The petroleum industry's proficiency in creating robust, adaptable, and high-performing materials has made it possible to develop cutting-edge health monitoring equipment. These developments give people better tools for managing long-term health issues and give medical professionals useful information for treating patients wisely.

Obstacles and Prospects for the Future: The nexus between healthcare and petroleum knowledge offers numerous prospects, but it also poses certain difficulties. To reduce harm, the effects of petroleum consumption on the environment and human health must be properly regulated. It is imperative to prioritize sustainability and mitigate environmental impact in order to guarantee that the advantages of technology derived from petroleum do not compromise public health. Future developments will probably see more cooperation in the development of sustainable solutions between the healthcare and petroleum industries. This entails investigating substitute materials and technological advancements that minimize dependence on petroleum-derived goods while simultaneously harnessing the know-how and inventiveness from the petroleum sector. The nexus between healthcare and petroleum knowledge is a promising area for technology development and public health enhancements [10]. The expertise and inventions from the petroleum sector have a big impact on healthcare, ranging from data analytics and

materials research to environmental health issues and health monitoring devices. Both industries may contribute to a more efficient and sustainable healthcare system by utilizing these insights and resolving the related issues.

AI-DRIVEN FRAUD DETECTION: PROTECTING MEDICAL SYSTEMS

There are serious hazards associated with fraud in the healthcare industry, which can affect patient treatment quality as well as the financial stability of healthcare organizations. The healthcare sector is especially vulnerable to fraud because of its intricate billing procedures, wide range of players, and enormous volumes of sensitive data. Fraud detection systems driven by artificial intelligence (AI) are becoming increasingly important instruments for reducing these risks. By utilizing cutting-edge technologies, these systems protect healthcare systems and guarantee the accuracy of financial transactions and patient data [11].

AI's Improvements to Fraud Detection: Strong instruments for identifying and stopping fraud in healthcare systems are provided by AI technologies. Artificial Intelligence (AI) can swiftly and accurately evaluate large amounts of data to spot suspicious trends and abnormalities by utilizing machine learning, natural language processing, and advanced analytics [12].

Algorithms for Machine Learning: Models for machine learning can be developed to identify trends linked to dishonest activity. These models look for odd trends that could point to fraud by analyzing past data on claims, billing procedures, and patient information. An AI system might, for example, alert a claim if it displays a trend of upcoding or unbundling, or if it considerably deviates from the norm for a given supplier. AI systems employ anomaly detection algorithms to spot departures from typical patterns. The AI system can identify anomalies for additional research, such as a sudden increase in expensive operations or an abnormally high frequency of particular diagnostic codes, based on a healthcare provider's billing data [13]. Natural language processing, or NLP, is the use of technology to evaluate unstructured data from textual sources such as claims notes, electronic health records (EHRs), and other sources. Artificial intelligence (AI) can identify errors or discrepancies that could point to fraudulent conduct by analyzing the context and content of these documents. NLP, for example, can detect differences between the billed and documented services, indicating possible fraud.

THE ADVANTAGES OF FRAUD DETECTION POWERED BY AI

There are a number of benefits to using AI in fraud detection systems over more conventional techniques.

Enhanced Accuracy: The possibility of false positives and false negatives is decreased because AI systems are highly accurate in their analysis of large datasets. This precision minimizes pointless inquiries while assisting in the identification of actual fraud cases.

Real-Time Monitoring: Real-time transaction and claim analysis is made possible by AI technologies. This feature makes it possible to identify suspicious activity quickly, allowing for quick action to stop more fraudulent transactions and lessen possible losses [14].

Cost-effectiveness: AI technologies minimize the need for manual reviews and audits by automating the fraud detection process. This automation lowers the operating costs related to fraud detection while also accelerating the detection process.

Scalability: AI programs are able to process massive amounts of data and change to reflect changing fraud trends [15]. AI systems can expand to accommodate the growth of healthcare organizations and the volume of data they handle, ensuring ongoing fraud protection.

OBSTACLES AND THINGS TO THINK ABOUT

Despite their benefits, fraud detection systems driven by AI have a number of drawbacks.

Algorithmic Bias: If AI algorithms are trained on biased data, they may unintentionally reinforce preexisting biases. This may result in the false flagging of valid claims or the discriminatory treatment of particular groups. In order to address and reduce inherent biases in AI systems, ongoing efforts are required [16].

Integration with Current Systems: It can be challenging to integrate AI-powered fraud detection with the current healthcare IT infrastructure. Effective fraud detection requires ensuring smooth integration and interoperability with billing systems, electronic health records, and other tools.

Prospective Courses: AI-powered fraud detection in the healthcare industry appears to have a bright future. Artificial intelligence (AI) developments like deep learning and advanced analytics will keep improving the ability to detect fraud. The protection against fraud will be strengthened by the integration of AI with other technologies, such as blockchain for safe data transactions and sophisticated encryption techniques. An important development in the defense of healthcare systems against fraud is AI-powered fraud detection [17]. AI systems improve fraud detection efforts by utilizing machine learning, anomaly detection, and natural language processing. This results in increased accuracy, efficiency, and scalability. The continuous development of fraud detection systems will be fueled by ongoing AI developments and an emphasis on privacy, security, and justice, even in the face of obstacles. This will ultimately result in a more reliable and safe healthcare system.

INNOVATIVE APPLICATIONS OF CHATGPT: A COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION OF ITS IMPACT THROUGHOUT INDUSTRIES

With the use of advanced AI language models, ChatGPT has become a disruptive tool in a variety of industries, significantly altering how businesses function and interact with their stakeholders. Natural language processing (NLP) is used by OpenAI's AI-powered conversational agent to understand and produce text that appears human. This allows for a wide range of applications that were previously thought to be unfeasible [18]. ChatGPT has revolutionized customer service by changing the way businesses communicate with their customers. Businesses may now deliver quicker, more effective customer service by providing round-the-clock help, handling routine enquiries, and resolving common issues without the need for human intervention. This lowers operating costs and increases customer satisfaction by guaranteeing accurate and timely responses. ChatGPT's capacity to learn from previous encounters makes it possible to continuously enhance performance, which makes it a priceless tool for businesses looking to maximize their customer support operations [19].

ChatGPT has shown to be an effective tool for content providers, marketers, and authors. It can create excellent blog entries, articles, and social media content in a fraction of the time that a human writer would need. In addition to speeding up the creation of content, this feature guarantees tone and style consistency, which is essential for preserving brand identity. Additionally, ChatGPT has proven to be a useful collaborator in the ideation and brainstorming process, helping authors overcome writer's block and produce interesting content thanks to its aptitude for understanding context and generating original ideas. ChatGPT has been essential in the education sector in helping to customize learning opportunities. It can help students by providing answers to queries, breaking down difficult ideas, and even creating practice problems based on their level of expertise. Learning at one's own pace is made possible by this individualized approach to education, which increases accessibility and efficiency [20]. ChatGPT has a transformational impact on a number of industries. ChatGPT is increasing productivity and opening up new avenues for how people and organizations use technology by streamlining repetitive processes,

fostering innovation, and customizing user experiences. The applications of ChatGPT are anticipated to grow as AI capabilities advance, confirming its position as a major force behind innovation in a variety of fields.

CHATGPT IN ACTION: USING CONVERSATIONAL AI TO IMPROVE HEALTHCARE

Healthcare is not an exception to how conversational AI, as demonstrated by products like OpenAI's ChatGPT, is transforming a number of industries. The incorporation of ChatGPT into healthcare systems presents a significant opportunity to enhance patient-provider interactions, optimize administrative procedures, and provide assistance to healthcare practitioners. Through the use of sophisticated natural language processing (NLP) tools, ChatGPT offers creative solutions to a variety of problems in the administration and delivery of healthcare [21]. Enhancing patient participation and support is one of ChatGPT's most significant uses in the medical field. As a virtual assistant, ChatGPT may offer patients quick responses to frequently asked medical queries, details on available treatments, and advice on how to manage ongoing ailments. When patients need quick access to information after usual business hours, this feature is especially helpful.

For instance, ChatGPT can deal with common questions concerning prescription side effects, making appointments, and getting general health advice. By providing prompt responses, this not only increases patient satisfaction but also relieves pressure on medical staff, freeing them up to concentrate on more difficult assignments. Patients managing chronic illnesses can also benefit from ChatGPT's emotional support and motivation, which can help them stick to their treatment regimens and preserve their general wellbeing. In healthcare settings, administrative work can be labor-intensive and prone to mistakes [22]. By automating repetitive procedures like appointment booking, reminders, and follow-up conversations, ChatGPT can simplify these jobs. For example, ChatGPT can communicate with patients to arrange appointments, remind them of forthcoming appointments, and manage requests for rescheduling. In addition to increasing productivity, this automation lowers the possibility of administrative mistakes and scheduling problems. In addition, ChatGPT can help with patient form processing and insurance and billing issues. Healthcare companies may lower administrative burden, boost operational effectiveness, and enhance the patient experience overall by automating certain procedures [23].

Another useful resource for helping medical professionals is ChatGPT. It can help physicians by giving them easy access to guidelines, best practices, and medical information. For example, ChatGPT can assist medical professionals by providing evidence-based responses to clinical inquiries, aiding in the decision-making process in complicated cases, and offering current information on novel research and treatment approaches. Moreover, ChatGPT can help with data entry and documentation by being integrated with electronic health record (EHR) systems. ChatGPT can help healthcare workers spend less time on administrative duties and more time providing patient care by creating draft notes and summaries based on feedback from clinicians. The demand for effective virtual interactions between patients and healthcare providers has increased due to the advent of telemedicine [24]. ChatGPT can improve telemedicine systems by offering on-demand assistance during virtual consultations in real time. For instance, ChatGPT can aid with patient triaging prior to appointments, obtaining initial data regarding symptoms and medical background, and assisting with case prioritization according to urgency.

Data Privacy and Security: Strict compliance with data privacy and security laws, such HIPAA, is necessary when handling sensitive patient data. Maintaining patient confidentiality requires ChatGPT systems to be in compliance with these laws.

Accuracy and Reliability: ChatGPT is not perfect, but it can offer useful information. It is vital to guarantee that the AI provides dependable and precise facts, particularly in relation to medical inquiries [25]. It takes oversight and changes on a regular basis to keep the quality of responses high.

Integration with Current Systems: Careful planning and coordination are needed to integrate ChatGPT with the current healthcare IT infrastructure, which includes EHR systems and telemedicine platforms. Achieving smooth interoperability is essential to optimizing conversational AI's advantages.

Ethical Issues: The application of AI in healthcare presents moral dilemmas about the possible over-reliance on technology and the replacement of human relationships with machines. It's crucial to strike a balance between the usage of AI and the necessity of human interaction in patient care. Exciting prospects exist for ChatGPT's use in healthcare in the future. Conversational agents' capabilities will continue to be improved by developments in AI and NLP, which will increase their effectiveness in helping patients and medical practitioners [26]. Its uses in healthcare may also be increased by integrating ChatGPT with cutting-edge technology like voice recognition and virtual reality. With its ability to improve telemedicine experiences, help healthcare professionals, streamline administrative processes, and increase patient involvement, ChatGPT has the potential to revolutionize the healthcare industry. Although there are issues with data privacy, accuracy, and integration that need to be resolved, conversational AI has a lot of potential advantages. ChatGPT and related AI systems will probably become essential parts of contemporary healthcare as technology develops, enhancing both operational effectiveness and patient care [27].

INCLUDING KNOWLEDGE FROM THE PETROLEUM INDUSTRY IN HEALTHCARE AI MODELS

An inventive way to improve another industry by utilizing knowledge from another is the incorporation of petroleum industry expertise into AI models for healthcare. Despite their apparent differences, the domains of petroleum and healthcare have a lot in common, especially when it comes to data analytics, material science, and environmental health. Innovations in the petroleum sector can be applied to healthcare AI to create new avenues for enhancing patient outcomes and operational effectiveness [28].

Utilizing Predictive Models and Data Analytics: When it comes to predictive modeling and data analytics, the petroleum sector has long been at the forefront. Petroleum corporations employ sophisticated algorithms in the context of exploration and production to evaluate seismic data, forecast oil reserves, and enhance drilling operations. AI models for healthcare can directly benefit from these advanced data analytics methods [29]. Analogous data-driven methods can improve predictive modeling for patient care and resource management in the healthcare industry. Predictive analytics, for instance, can be modified to more efficiently manage hospital resources, forecast patient admissions, and anticipate disease outbreaks. It was initially created to optimize oil extraction. Large volumes of healthcare data can be analyzed by machine learning models from the petroleum industry to spot patterns and generate precise forecasts regarding patient outcomes, treatment effectiveness, and possible health dangers.

One important area where petroleum knowledge can be used to healthcare is material science. Numerous synthetic materials with distinctive qualities have been developed as a result of the petroleum industry's breakthroughs in material engineering and polymer chemistry. These materials find wide-ranging uses in the biomedical field, including drug delivery systems, prostheses, and medical devices [30]. For example, biocompatible materials for implants, vascular grafts, and artificial organs are made from petroleum-derived polymers. Healthcare AI models can profit from advancements in medical device design and functionality by utilizing the petroleum industry's proficiency in producing robust, flexible, and high-performance materials. By incorporating this knowledge of material science into AI models, improved medical solutions that enhance patient care and treatment outcomes may be developed [31].

The petroleum industry's attention to environmental health and safety offers healthcare significant insights. Addressing environmental health issues requires an understanding of how petroleum activities affect the environment, including pollution and exposure to dangerous compounds. Healthcare artificial intelligence models can gain a deeper understanding of the connections between environmental contamination and health consequences by integrating data and insights from the petroleum sector. AI systems, for instance, may analyze data on pollution exposure, air and water quality, and associated health issues to find trends and create plans for reducing the negative consequences of environmental pollution [32]. Through this integration, healthcare institutions can better address environmental issues that are linked to public health challenges and provide focused interventions that safeguard community health.

The petroleum sector possesses vast expertise in streamlining operations, cutting expenses, and enhancing productivity using cutting-edge technologies and workflow enhancements. This knowledge can be used in the healthcare industry to improve administrative duties and operational efficiency. For example, artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms that were created for the petroleum sector to manage logistics and optimize supply chains can be modified for use in healthcare environments. In hospitals and clinics, these models can help with inventory management, better resource allocation, and administrative process streamlining. Through the integration of process optimization approaches from the petroleum industry into AI models for healthcare, companies can minimize waste, lower operating costs, and enhance overall efficiency [33].

The following case examples show how incorporating knowledge from the petroleum industry into healthcare AI models might be useful:

Material Science Innovations: To create new materials for medical implants, researchers used developments in polymer chemistry from the petroleum sector. The performance and lifetime of implants used in orthopedic and cardiovascular treatments have increased because to these materials, which offer improved durability and biocompatibility [34].

Environmental Health Monitoring: To create AI models that evaluate the effects of environmental factors on respiratory health, a study used data on air and water pollution from the petroleum industry. The knowledge gathered from this integration was useful in developing focused public health initiatives to address health problems associated with pollution.

Obstacles and Things to Think About

There are various obstacles when incorporating knowledge from the petroleum industry into AI healthcare models.

Data compatibility: Careful examination of data formats, standards, and privacy considerations is necessary to ensure that data from the petroleum industry is compatible with healthcare data and may be successfully integrated into AI models [35].

Ethical and Regulatory Concerns: Ethical guidelines and legal regulations must be followed when incorporating petroleum industry methods into healthcare. It is crucial to guarantee that AI models are equitable, transparent, and abide by healthcare laws [36].

PETROLEUM PRODUCTION GRAPHICS

This figure showing production of petroleum in top oil production countries in 2021.

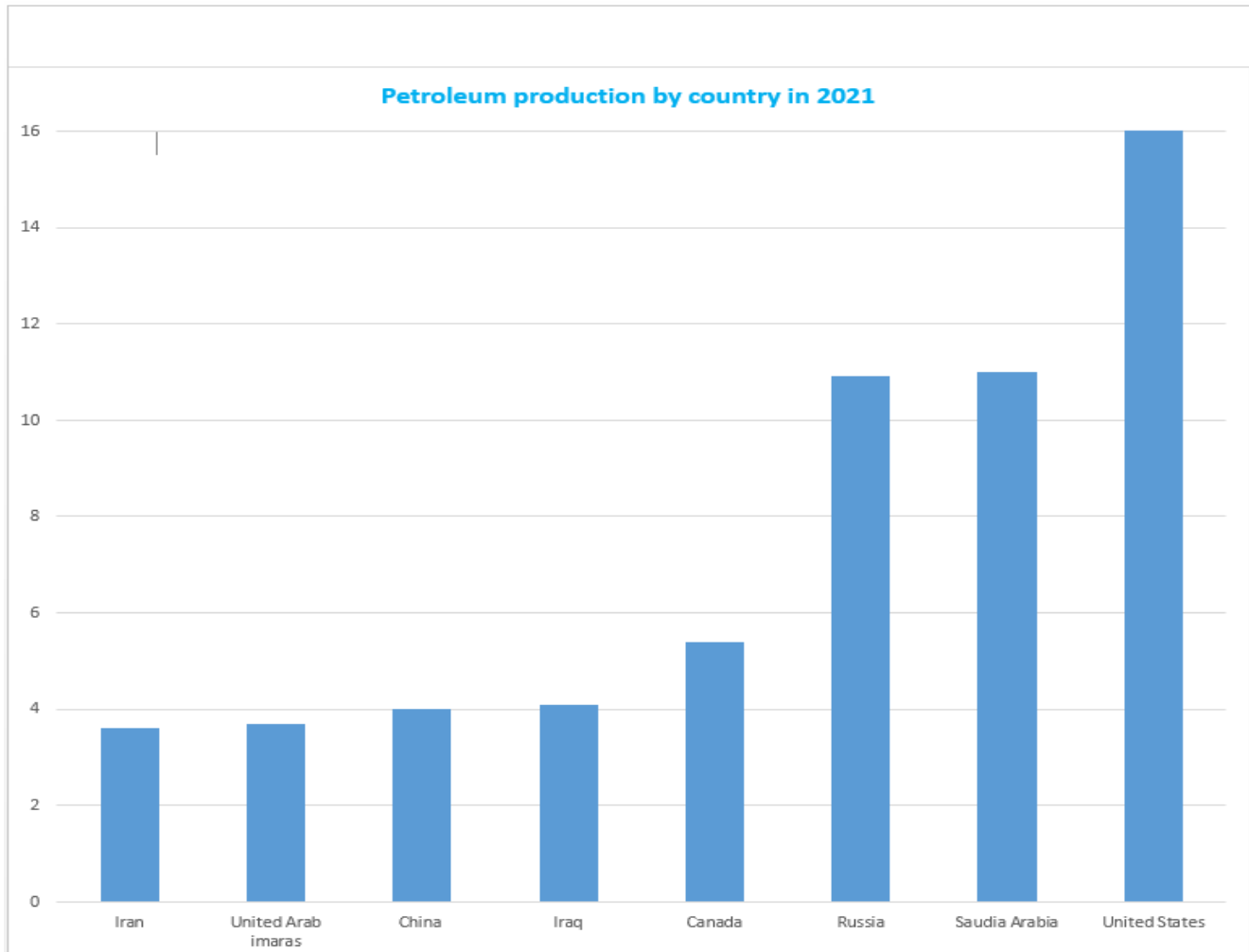


Figure 1 showing oil production in 2021

CASE STUDIES: EFFECTIVE USE OF AI IN HEALTHCARE AND FRAUD DETECTION

Artificial intelligence (AI) has shown a great deal of promise for improving patient care, streamlining operations, and lowering costs when integrated into fraud detection and healthcare. Numerous case studies highlight the revolutionary effects of AI technology in various fields, demonstrating how creative solutions have resolved difficult problems and produced noticeable results. Here, we examine prominent instances of effective AI applications in fraud detection and healthcare, emphasizing significant results and takeaways [37].

AI in Fraud Detection: Medicare Fraud Prevention as an Example: The use of AI in the Medicare program in the United States is among the most impressive instances of fraud detection. Medicare is a government health insurance program for the elderly and some disabled people. Abuse and false billing

have been major problems for the program. In order to address this problem, the Fraud Prevention System (FPS), an AI-powered fraud detection system, was introduced by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) [38]. The FPS analyzes claims data using machine learning techniques to spot unusual trends that can point to fraud.

Implementation: The FPS was created to analyze massive amounts of Medicare claim data and identify irregularities such as odd physician behavior, disparities between reported and real services, and unexpected billing patterns. The system continuously learns and adjusts to new fraud strategies by utilizing cutting-edge machine learning algorithms.

Results: Since going into effect, the FPS has been able to stop millions of dollars' worth of bogus claims. Through real-time analysis of trends and abnormalities, the system has greatly decreased the amount of Medicare fraudulent payments, resulting in significant cost savings and enhanced program integrity [39].

Lessons Learned: The FPS's accomplishments demonstrate how crucial it is to use AI for proactive fraud identification and prevention. Staying ahead of emerging fraud strategies requires constant learning and adaptation, and quick intervention requires real-time analysis..

AI IN MEDICINE: PATHAI'S STORY

An AI-driven tool called PathAI was created to help pathologists diagnose illnesses from images obtained from biopsies and tissue samples. The software analyzes pathology slides and offers diagnostic assistance using machine learning algorithms.

Implementation: To scan digital pathology images and identify anomalies like malignant cells, PathAI uses deep learning techniques [40]. By giving pathologists confidence levels and diagnostic recommendations, the platform increases diagnosis accuracy and speed.

Results: PathAI has shown that it can lower pathology reading variability and improve diagnosis accuracy. Research has demonstrated that AI-assisted pathology can enhance cancer and other ailment identification, resulting in more precise diagnosis and better patient outcomes.

Lessons Learned: The application of AI in pathology demonstrates how technology may enhance diagnostic accuracy and aid pathologists in making decisions. To guarantee accurate and dependable outcomes, it also highlights the necessity of ongoing validation and cooperation between AI systems and medical experts [41]. These case studies demonstrate the revolutionary power of AI technology by providing an example of the successful application of AI in fraud detection and healthcare. Artificial intelligence (AI) has demonstrated its worth in tackling difficult problems and providing significant advantages, ranging from stopping fraudulent activity and cutting down on financial losses to improving diagnostic precision and enabling customized care. With the continued development of AI technologies, new avenues for increasing efficacy, precision, and efficiency will probably arise from their integration into a wider range of industries.

USING AI TO REVOLUTIONIZE HEALTHCARE BY HARNESSING NATURE: THE THERAPEUTIC POTENTIAL OF HERBAL MEDICINE

Recent technological breakthroughs, notably in the area of artificial intelligence (AI), have significantly changed the healthcare scene. Even though artificial intelligence (AI) has shown enormous promise for increasing patient engagement, optimizing treatment plans, and improving diagnostic accuracy, the incorporation of conventional treatments, like herbal medicine, is becoming more and more important as part of a holistic healthcare strategy [41]. In the context of AI-driven healthcare solutions, this review

article examines the therapeutic potential of herbal medicine and highlights its advantages, drawbacks, and potential future prospects.

The Function of Herbal Therapy: Plant-based substances are used in herbal medicine, which has its roots in centuries-old traditional therapeutic techniques, to enhance health and wellbeing. Herbs have been used to treat illnesses, prevent sickness, and improve general vitality in a variety of civilizations, including Chinese, Ayurvedic, and Native American customs. Growing knowledge of the negative effects of synthetic medications and the quest for safer, more natural alternatives is largely responsible for the rise of interest in herbal therapies [42]. A scientific foundation for the application of herbal remedies in contemporary healthcare has been established by recent research that have started to confirm their effectiveness. Popular herbs like ginseng, ginger, and turmeric, for example, have been studied in great detail for their immune-stimulating, antioxidant, and anti-inflammatory qualities. These substances can be used in conjunction with traditional therapies to give patients more options for comprehensive therapy. Herbal medicine also promotes a holistic view of health, which is essential for getting the best possible results for patients. This includes treating emotional and psychological issues in addition to physical symptoms [43].

Harnessing Nature: The Healing Power and Therapeutic Benefits of Botanical Medicine: With a long history, herbal medicine is becoming more and more popular as people look for more natural solutions to pharmaceutical ones. Herbal medicine uses a wide range of plant-based treatments to improve health, ward off disease, and reestablish the body's natural balance. Many of these age-old methods are now being validated by modern science, which also reveals the powerful therapeutic effects of herbs in improving general health, strengthening immunity, and treating chronic illnesses [44]. Through the acceptance of herbal medicine's therapeutic potential, we can include alternative medicine into traditional healthcare to promote a more comprehensive approach to health.

Difficulties and Future Prospects: Even though combining herbal medicine with AI has great potential, there are a few issues that need to be resolved. First, there is still a big obstacle in the way of standardizing herbal goods. Inconsistent outcomes may arise from variations in the concentration and quality of active substances. Guidelines must be established by regulatory agencies to guarantee the security and effectiveness of herbal remedies, especially when paired with AI-powered therapies. More thorough clinical research investigating the interplay between herbal remedies and conventional treatments are required. Research collaborations between pharmacologists, herbalists, and AI specialists can help to better understand how various methods complement one another [45]. To sum up, the incorporation of herbal medicine into the AI-driven healthcare model offers a special chance to take advantage of cutting-edge technologies and the healing power of nature. The healthcare industry can advance toward a more individualized, comprehensive, and efficient approach to patient care by fusing the age-old knowledge of herbal treatments with the accuracy and analytical power of artificial intelligence. Improved treatment options and patient empowerment to actively participate in their health are the results of this convergence, which also improves quality of life and health outcomes.

CONCLUSION

The application of AI to fraud detection and healthcare is a noteworthy technological development that shows the potential of this technology to completely transform both industries. Case studies like IBM Watson for Oncology, PathAI, and the Medicare Fraud Prevention System demonstrate the significant influence artificial intelligence (AI) can have on enhancing productivity, accuracy, and results. Artificial intelligence (AI) technology have shown to be quite successful in spotting and stopping fraudulent activity. Significant financial savings and improved program integrity have resulted from AI systems' capacity to examine enormous datasets in real-time, identify intricate patterns, and adjust to changing

strategies. The importance of machine learning in protecting financial systems and minimizing losses is further shown by the success of AI applications in fields like credit card fraud detection.

AI has advanced patient care and supported physicians in the healthcare industry in amazing ways. AI-enabled platforms like as PathAI and IBM Watson for Oncology are prime examples of how AI may enhance clinical decision-making overall, assist tailored treatment regimens, and strengthen diagnostic capacities. These technologies promote patient participation, expedite administrative procedures, and increase the accuracy of diagnosis and treatment recommendations. The incorporation of petroleum sector expertise into AI models for healthcare purposes underscores the adaptability and potential of artificial intelligence. Healthcare businesses may significantly improve patient care and operational efficiency by implementing advances in material science, data analytics, and operational optimization from the petroleum industry.

This interdisciplinary approach shows the benefits of utilizing expertise from several domains to address complicated challenges and creates new opportunities for innovation. The effective use of AI in these fields is not without difficulties, though. To guarantee that AI technologies are used responsibly and successfully, issues pertaining to data protection, accuracy, integration, and ethical considerations must be carefully controlled. To optimize AI's advantages while reducing its possible drawbacks, regulatory compliance, expert collaboration, and ongoing validation are crucial. The continuous development of AI technologies promises even more breakthroughs and opportunities as we move to the future. More advanced AI systems will be developed through ongoing research, innovation, and interdisciplinary collaboration, which will increase their influence on fraud detection, healthcare, and other areas. By adopting these technologies and tackling related issues, we can fully utilize AI to build safer, more effective, and more efficient systems that are advantageous to both individuals and businesses.

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